

Status as of: 2023-03-24

Form **GENO**

DESCRIPTION OF NATIONAL GENOMIC EVALUATION SYSTEMS

Country (or countries)	SLOVENIJA			
Main trait group ^a .	FEMALE FERTILITY (int)			
NOTE. Only one trait group per				
form!				
Breed(s)	BSW			
Trait definition(s) and unit(s) of	Calving Interval as a time period between consecutive			
measurement	lactations, measured in days.			
Attach an appendix if needed				
Source of genotypes (chips used)	Weatherbys Scientific Bovine VersaSNP 50K			
	Illumina Bovine SNP50 BeadChip			
	GeneSeek Genomic Profiler v4			
Imputation method for missing				
genotypes				
Propagation of genomic				
information to non-genotyped				
descendants and ancestors				
Animals included in reference	All genotyped animals with MACE.			
population (males, females,				
countries included, total number)				
Source of phenotypic data (DYD,	De-regressed predicted genetic merit (DPGM) is calculated as:			
de-regressed proofs, national	DPGM = EBV/REL. In the genomic model, DPGM are weighted			
EBVs and/or MACE evaluations)	by REL _{dau} / (1 - REL _{dau}) , where REL _{dau} is reliability from			
	daughters.			
Other criteria (data edits) for				
inclusion of records				
Criteria for extension of records				
(if applicable)				
Sire categories	All			
Genomic model (linear, Bayesian,	An iterative, nonlinear model with heavy-tailed prior for marker			
polygenic effect, genotypes or	effects analogous to Bayes A is used. Base population allele			
haplotypes)	frequencies are subtracted from genotypes, and a polygenic			
	effect (poly) with 10% of additive variance is fit in the model:			
	DPGM = mean + Σ genotypes*effects + poly + error.			
Blending of direct genomic value	The evaluation model includes international (MACE) evaluation			
(DGV) with traditional EBV	of ancestors, and consequently the foreign information for non-			
	genotyped ancestors is included			
Environmental effects in the				
genetic evaluation model				
0				



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Adjustment for heterogeneous	
variance in evaluation model	
Computation of genomic reliability	Reliability of direct genomic value is computed from the traditional daughter equivalents plus the genomic daughter equivalents, which differ for each animal depending on its average genomic relationship to the reference population. Final reliability is computed by selection index using reliabilities of DGV, traditional PGM, and subset PGM.
Blending of foreign/Interbull	Calculation of DGV includes foreign information from a subset
information in evaluation	of the current Interbull evaluation for the genotyped animals.
Genetic parameters in the evaluation	Use Appendix GENO for heritability/genetic variance estimates; for multiple-trait genetic evaluations, provide genetic correlation estimates between traits separately. Use also appendices PR, CO, BCO, SM, LO, CA, as applicable, if you participate in the international genetic evaluations of Interbull
Expression of genetic evaluations If standardized (e.g. RBV), give standardization formula in the appendix	GEBV
Definition of genetic reference base	The same as used in the national genetic evaluation.
Labeling of genomic evaluations	
Criteria for official publication of evaluations	
Number of evaluations / publications per year	There will be 3 evaluations per year. The release dates would be two weeks after the official release of Interbull evaluations.
Use in total merit index	
Anticipated changes in the near future	
Key reference on methodology applied	VanRaden, P.M. <u>Efficient methods to compute genomic</u> predictions. J. Dairy Sci. 91(11):4414–4423. 2008.
	VanRaden, P.M., Van Tassell, C.P., Wiggans, G.R., Sonstegard, T.S., Schnabel, R.D., Taylor, J.F., and Schenkel, F.S. <u>Invited</u> <u>review: Reliability of genomic predictions for North American</u> <u>Holstein bulls</u> . J. Dairy Sci. 92(1):16–24. 2009. Wiggans, G.R., VanRaden, P.M., Bacheller, L.R., Tooker, M.E., Hutchison, J.L., Cooper, T.A., and Sonstegard, T.S. <u>Selection and</u> <u>management of DNA markers for use in genomic evaluation</u> . J. Dairy Sci. 93(5):2287-2292. 2010.
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^aEither: Production (e.g. milk, fat, protein), Conformation, Health (e.g. mastitis resistance, milk somatic cell, resistance to diseases other than mastitis), Longevity, Calving (e.g. stillbirth, calving ease), Female fertility (e.g. non-return rate, interval between reproductive events, number of AI's, heat strength), Workability (e.g. milking speed, temperament), Beef



production, Efficiency (e.g. body weight, energy balance, body conditioning score), or Other traits.

System Validation

Approximate number of test bulls for	We did not perform the gebv-test because the trait int was included in
this trait group:	the InterGenomics run only one year ago (2204r).
If including foreign reference bulls:	
4-yr old de-regressed MACE EBVs,	
OR	
Current de-regressed MACE EBVs	
If including foreign test bulls (type	
of proof 21 or 22), provide the	
reason.	
If using a truncation \neq 4 years,	
provide the reason.	
If applying an age cutoff for test	
bulls \neq (YYYY-8), provide the	
reason	



Appendix GENO

Parameters used in genetic/genomic evaluation

Country (or co	ry (or countries): SLOVEN		ENIA				
Main trait gro	oup:	FEMAI	LE FER	TILITY			
Breed (repeat as necessary):		BSW					
Trait	Definition	Definition		h ^{2b}	Genetic	Official proof	
					variance ^b	standardisation formula ^c	
int	Interval traits	(days)	X	0.1218	740.789	a=0 b=12.1448 c=12 d=100	

^aIndicate, with X, traits that are submitted to Interbull for international genetic evaluations.

^bIf repeated records are treated as separate traits, provide heritability estimates and genetic variances separately for each trait, as well as for all traits pooled, i.e. for the trait submitted to Interbull.

^cExpressed as follows: StandEval=((eval-a)/b)*c+d where a=mean of the base adjustment, b=standard deviation of the base, c=standard deviation of expression (include sign if scale is reversed), and d=base of expression.